I HAVE A FULL LINE OF

Boots, Shoes, Hats and Clothing That I will sell AT COST, and LESS THAN COST for the CASH.

I also have a A FULL LINE OF OTHER GOODS that I will sell VERY LOW for Cash. Good Bargains can be found here. If you don't believe it call and see, and you will not be disappointed.

# TAKE WARNING!

After the 10th day of April next the Notes and Accounts of the old Firm of REED & MCORHEAD will be found in the hands of an Attorney for collection. Time and money can be saved by calling before then and settling with me.

J. PINK REED.

# Christmas Gift!

March 26, 1885

# A FINE \$50.00

Solid Gold Stem-winding Lever Watch

WILL be given away CHRISTMAS DAY to the person who comes nearest guessing the number of the Watch. One guess allowed for every dollar paid me on Note or Account, or for— Watches, Clocks, Jewelry, Spectacles, Silverware, Organs or Piancs.

### GRAND REDUCTION IN PRICES OF WATCHES

J. A. DANIEL'S JEWELRY STORE.

# J. P. Sullivan & Co.,

General Merchandise. All Grades New Orleans Syrups.

BACON, CORN AND FLOUR, Large Stocks.

THE BEST COFFEE We invite all to come and see us.

J. P. SULLIVAN & CO., Anderson, S. C.

# ARE YOU HUNGRY?

If so, a Visit to the City Grocery will do you Good.

KNOWING that just at this season housekeepers find it difficult to get up a good meal, we have bought nearly a—

CAR LOAD OF CANNED GOODS,
Which we are offering at prices that will make you feel happy. Buying in such large lots, we are enabled to sell these Goods at what small dealers have to pay for them.
Think of it! Ten Caus of Tomatocs—the best—for \$1.00.

Give us a trial on these Goods. We are determined to sell them.

Fresh lots of BUOLWHEAT, SOUR KROUT, CABBACE, ONIONS and POTATOES just in. Remember the place— T. R. TRIMMIER & CO.,

Successors to C. A. Read, Agent, Main Street.

All Goods delivered FREE inside City limits.

29

# STOVES!

## STOVES!

OUR Stock of Stoves is very large, and we can sell them at prices as low as they can be bought. We have on hand a lot of Second-hand Stoves—some of them almost as good as new—and they are bargains. If you can't pay all cash, we will sell you for part cash, or on time for a good note. We have a complete Stock of—

We sell all kinds of WRAPPING AND PRINTING PAPER,
PAPER BAGS, TWINE, &c.,
And pay highest prices for HIDES, RAGS, BEESWAX. &c.,
In Cash or Barter.

Repairing done promptly, and in the best manner. Roofing and Guttering specialty. Give us a call.

SPECIAL ANNOUNCEMENT.

# JOHN E. PEOPLES & CO.

### WIF desire to call the attention of the Trading Public to our-LARGE STOCK OF HEAVY GROCEBIES.

Just arrived, a full line of Flour of all grades and prices, a Car of N. O. and Sugar-house Molasses, Sugar, Coffee, Bacon, Lard, Salt, and every article of Supplies that the Farmer needs. These Goods have been all laid in at the lowest figures, and we propose to give our distomers the benefit of all declines.

An examination of our Goods and comparison of Prices is all we ask, and we guarantee to give you a bargain. All GRO AIFS guaranteed pure. No mixed

New Orleans Molasses.

To those who owe us for Goods bought the past year, we would remind them that we expect an early settlement. After the 1st January, 1885, we propose to push all past due Accounts. Come and arrange these old Accounts and get a clear receipt. We are compelled to have our money. Your Account may be small of itself, but in the aggregate it amounts up to us, and we trust that all of our customers will not overlook this.

W. S. LIGON & CO.

# SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS.

Now in Store and to arrive a A FULL STOCK OF GENERAL MERCHANDISE.

STAPLE AND FANOY DRY GOODS. HAREWARE, SADDLES AND BRIDLES, CROCKERY AND GLASS WARE,

Bacon, Lard, Corn, Sugar, Coffee, Molasses, &c. ALL of which I will sell LOW for Cash or Barfer. Give me a call before buying, at No. 10 Granite Row

W. F. BARR.

Take Notice and Govern Yourselves Accordingly.

# N.O. FARMER & BRO

Have Just Received a large and wall assorted Stock of

DRY GOODS AND NOTIONS,

BOOTS AND SHOES,

RATS AND UAPS,

TRUNKS AND UAPS,

TRUNKS AND VALISES,

SADDLES AND BRIDLES,

SUGAR AND DOFFEE,

BACON, LARDS FLOUR, MOLAS, DS,

And in fact EVERYTHING generally kept in a first class General Store, all of which we propose to sell at the very lowest cash prices. It will pay an ease to call and examine our Goods and prices before they buy.

Those inducted to us will greatly oblige us by an easy settlement of their Accounts and Noise, efficiently and received the second settlement of their Accounts and Noise, efficiently and second settlement of their Accounts and Noise, efficiently and second settlement of their Accounts and Noise, efficiently and second settlement of their Accounts and Noise, efficiently and second second

BOOTS and SHOEG.

Gem and Magnet Shirts!

MARKET STREET ST

Brother Langston, Local Editor of the INTELLIGENCER, is mistaken as to the use we make of our leather breeches: we use them when riding. School Commissioners can't afford many pairs of pants, and must protect the few they

School Commissioner to a number of small boys: "Boys, can you tell me how far it is over to the colored school?" Small boy with indignant air: "Why, sir, does you want to git to teach a nigger school?" We'll pass round that boy when we meet him hereafter.

Is your teacher an earnest worker? Is her heart in the work? Are your children fond of her? Do you like her, and

We are glad to find that several schools in the County outside of the villages will run ten months. The patrons employ the teacher and he gives them credit for the amount he gets from the public fund. Mr. Compton in Fork, Mr. Stribling and Miss Drake in Martin, Mr. Bagwell in Belton, and others run their schools ten months. We congratulate the teachers and commend the patrons in the several communities. We wish these were many more such schools. The future men of this County are now the bare-footed boys. There are jewels among them. Let us look after them.

### FREE PUBLIC INSTRUCTION.

Mr. Editor: As a friend of free public schools, we write to thank you for your editorial on "Our Neighborhood Schools," in the Advocate of the 18th inst. Our people need both instruction and exhortation in this matter of the education of their children, and it seems to us eminently right and proper that the Church papers should do their part of this instructing and exhorting.

In 1670, the Commissioners of Foreign Plantations addressed to the Governors of the colonies, several questions relative to their condition. To one respecting the

their condition. To one respecting the means of education, the Gevernor of Connecticut replied: "One-fourth of the annual revenue of the colony is laid out in maintaining free (common) schools for the education of our children." To Virginia, replied: "I thank God there are no free schools nor printing, and I hope we shall not have these hundred years." These two States are fair specimens of the transfer. years." These two States are lair specimens of the two sections. If any deny this, let him compare the illiteracy of the white people North and South, as given in the last United States census. One set of States is known as the "old Free School States." No Southern State is

School States." No Southern State is found on this list.

For many long years the old Virginia Governor has slept with his fathers. Peace to his askes! The opinion he held of free schools still lives, and may be found nearer home than the Old Dominion.

We quote a few figures from Prof. R. Means Davis's sketch of Education in South Carolina, in the Hand Book of the State. From 1811 to 1852 the State appropriated about \$37,000 a year for the support of free schools. Each parish or district was allowed as many free schools as it had representatives in the lower through the state of the support of the support of free schools. almost as good as new—and they are bargains. If you can't pay all cash, we will sell you for part cash, or on time for a good note. We have a complete Stock of—

Tinware, Crockeryware, Glassware, Hollowware, &c.,

The best assortment in this market. We keep almost everything in House Furnishing Goods. Have some handsome Dinner Sets in Lustre Band just received.

We sell all kinds of WRAPPING AND PRINTING PAPER, schools. In 1858, the attendance was 17,000; in 1854, 16,000, outside of Charleston; in 1860, there were 1,270 schools and 18,915 pupils; in 1863, 823 schools, 845 teachers, and 18,811 pupils.

Prof. Davis discusses the question why this system of instruction bore so little fruit in the face of so much interest and so many admirable attempts at its cultivation. He says one cause of these schools are supplied by the says one cause of these schools are supplied by the says one cause of these schools are supplied by the says one cause of these schools are supplied by the says one cause of these schools are supplied by the schools and 18,915 pupils. The supplied by the schools are supplied by the schools and 18,915 pupils. The schools are supplied by the schools and 18,915 pupils. The schools are schools and 18,915 pupils in 1863, 823 and 18,915 pupils.

Prof. Davis discusses the question why this system of instruction bore so little fruit in the face of so much interest and so many admirable attempts at its cultivation. He says one cause of the schools are supplied by the schools fruit in the face of so much interest and so many admirable attempts at its cultivation. He says one cause of failure was "the want of proper supervision and the consequent incompetency of teachers. But the controlling cause, he adds, of the failure of the free school system was, that its need was not fell by the people. (Italies and capitals ours). Now, Mr. Editor, these causes exist to-day—not strong enough to destroy our free schools, yet sufficient to seriously cripple their usefulness.

Our State Superintenden: has been severely criticised. In fact, he and the poorly paid teachers have received the greater part of the public criticism. Let him and them be criticised. Such a course will do no harm, and may do good. But the responsibilty of proper supervision rests mainly upon the District Trustees and the County School Commissioners—not upon the State Superintendent. There are in the State Superintendent. There are in the State Superintendent to visit one school a day, it would take him forty three years to go round. But his critics say, and the law says, he should risit the counties. He has so little authority over the county school officials that but few good results would follow. Our State Superintendent has been

would follow. Colonel Thompson-in an annual report for 1881, p. 35—says: "County School Commissioners should be responsible to some authority, and should be liable to removal for neglect of duty."

Last year Colonel Coward used his influsliable to remoyal for neglect of duty."
Last year Colonel Coward used his influence and his authority to induce the respective County School Commissioners to make necessary arrangements, as the law authorizes them to do, for conducting County Normal Institutes; yet but four counties, of the thirty four, held such Institutes. To expect our istate Superintendent to do all the "proper supervising" of our schools, would be as unreasonable as to expect the Comptrollier General and the State Treasurer to do all the work of the County Anditors and County Treasurers. Let the people require this "proper supervision" but let them demand it from the local authorities, the District Trustees and Dounty School Commissioners, who not only have time and authority to do this work, but whom the law says shall fire this devotes all his time and attention to the work of supervising the school-tool to systems employ a superintendent, who is usually as "xprefenced teacher, and who devotes all his time and attention to the work of supervising the school-tool teaching, his teachers how to teach. Columbia has for her superintendent a practical teacher, and pays him well for his acrusces. The solary is two and a half time, as large as any School Commissioners. How the gives all his time is superintendent as practical teacher, and who devotes all his large as any School Commissioners. How the gives all his time and attention to the work of supervising the school-tool teaching, his teachers how to teach county for many years." A sea of wide eyes and half time, as large as any School Commissioners, who is usually as a constant and the superintendent as practical teacher, and who devotes all his time and attention to the work of supervising the school-tool the record of the field of the morning and, in the law the product of the morning and, in the local field to be will be and the result of the morning and, in the local field to be will be and the result of the morning and, in the local field to be will be and, in the field on the field o

TEACHERS' COLUMN,

J. G. CLINKSCALES, EDITOR.

J. G. CLINKSCALES, EDITOR.

The state of the profession.

Competent superintendent in our country schools, where salaries are low, where much raw teacher-material is employed, where many young men and young women, who are auxious to learn modern methods but have no one to teach then, and working under many difficultie, teaching the children to read and write and to cipher out of the books of the grandparents, and after the manner of the paleozoic age of the profession.

Is it not as appropriate for a preacher the President himself; but a little of it to preach on, to work for and to pray for, the cause of popular education, as the president himself; but a little of it goes a great way among the gentler sex.

— New York Sun. the cause of popular education, as the cause of prohibition?—WM. S. MORAI-SON, in Southern Christian Advocate.

### Strange Restoration.

An odd restitution was made at Spencerville near Newport, last week, that contains all the elements of romance. For a good many years Mr. W. D. Spencer has been a citizen of Spencerville, coming there originally from Eastern Tennessee. Spencerville is a small town five miles from Newport, the latter city being located on the line of the St. Louis, Iron Mountain and Southern railroad. For many years Mr. Spencer has pursued the business of farming and running a store in Spencerville, and has, by business energy and thrift, accumulated a very comfortable fortune. He has become so identified with Spencerville and its interests that his neighbors have long since ceased to remember that he was not always a neighbor, and that he came to that County a stranger with an An odd restitution was made at Spencame to that County a stranger with an unknown history. Mr. Spencer never married, but pursued his bachelor way with quietness, although several maiden ladies cherished hopes from time to time that were never destined to ripen into the flowers of connubial bliss, and faded one by one as the enviced object gathered more worldly goods from year to year. It can be imagined, therefore, how like a thunder polt com a clear sky the start-

ling intelligence fell upon the community that two strangers, officers from Teunes-see, had arrived and had charged their respected townsmen with a crime committed in Tennessee seventeen years before. But their astonishment became consternation when Mr. Spencer said to the officers: "Gentlemen, I am the man you are after. The crime you charge me with, I committed."

The officers informed him that they had come to take him back to Tennessee and let him suffer punishment for that which he had confessed he had committed. Mr. Spencer then said—(an eye-witness

Mr. Spencer then said—(an eye-witness related the story to a Gazette reporter yesterday evening:)

"Seventeen years ago, when I was a more boy, two other young men and myself in a drunken spree broke into a store in our town in Tennessee and robbed it of \$800 in money. We divided the money and ran away. I was wild and reckless, but I was not a thief, and before God I do not think I could have been persuaded into this crime if I had been sober. But we took the money and the shadow of the crime has haunted my

but I can at least restore this money."

Mr. Spencer then figured out the interest on the total amount of the stolen money, and paid over to the officers over \$2,000, and to that extent wiped out the

past.
"Now, gentlemen," he said, "I don't want you to keep this secret. I want everybody to know that I have been a thief. It is my expiation. I want them to know that I have done all in my power before God to effect my grime. If I

And after a few hours they left Spencer-ville and returned to Tennessee, leaving Spencer freer and happier than he had been for seventeen years.—Arkansas Ga-

## An Aged Calf.

The Great Society War.

sermon on such subjects would, to the average congregation, be about as intresting as, and much more help than a learned discourse on the "five points of Calvinism," or on the question, "Who was Melchisedee?" Free schools are indeed "an outgrowth and an index of our Christian civilization."

July 1 points a property of the wires exciting details of battle revision and silver coinage will come over the wires exciting as and silver coinage will come over the wires exciting at the order in which the wires exciting details of battle revision and silver coinage will come over the wires exciting at the order in which the wires exciting details of battle revision and silver coinage will come over the wires exciting details of battle response to the wires exciting details of the wires exciting and silver coinage will come to the wires exciting and silver coinage will come to the wires exciting and silver coinage will come to the wires exciting and silver coinage will come to the wires exciting and silver coinage will come to the wires exciting and silver coinage will come to the wires exciting and silver coinage will come to the wires exciting and silver coinage will come to the wires exciting and silver coinage will come to the wires exciting and silver coinage will come to the wires exciting and

just as plain as anybody eise that he was head over heels in love with me. But he didn't seem to have any snap to him, and I got real impatient, just as any girl would have done. A few nights before Christmas he called to see me, and before he went away I said: "Charlie, I want to make you a Christmas present, but I want to be sure it will suit you. It is something real nice, warm, useful and ornamental, and will always stay with you." "A scart?" he said. "No, not a scarf," I said, "though it might embrace you. It weighs about a hundred pounds, and I've heard you say you thought it very precious." "Oh, I know," he said, "a bicycle." By this time I was nearly mad, but I made one more effort. "Not a bicycle," I said, "but it can walk, has a mouth pretty heir said a server." a bleycle," I said, "but it can walk, has a mouth, pretty hair, and is very affectionate." "Now I know," he said, and whit do you think the ninny guessed that time? A big Newfoundland dog! I was never so disgusted in my life, and have not seen Charlie since. He's treated me real mean, and now leap year is gone and I hate him. Oh, there he is gone, and I hate him. Oh, there he is now at the other end of the car. Ain't he sweet? I wish he would come and talk to us."

### Fearful Tale.

1880 and other reliable authorities. The amounts thus given are:
"Liquor, \$900,000,000; bread, \$505,-000,000; meat, \$303,000,000; iron and steel, \$220,000,000; woolen goods, \$237,-000,000; sawed lumber, \$232,000,000; cotton goods, \$210,000,000; boots and shoes, \$196,000,000; sugar and molasses, \$155,000,000; public education, \$85,000,-000; Christian missions. Home and For-

and nearly three times as much as for woolen or cotton goods, and one hundred and sixty-three times as much as is given for the extension of the Gospel. What a fearful revelation this is, and what a danger it threatens to the life of our

## Our Great Inventions.

The fifteen great American invention of world-wide adoption are: 1. The cotton gin.

2. The planing machine. 3. The grass mower and reaper. 4. The rotary printing press. Navigation by steam.

10. The sand blast for carving.

11. The gauge lathe.
12. The grain elevator.
13. Artificial ice-making on a large

14. The electric magnet and its practical application.
15. The telephone.

to sell his horse and carriage. Gen. Black is reported as saying: "The Republicans have been riding for twenty-four long years. Now I am going to ride."

# Not Dead Yet. Atlanta papers are giving the public some curl-ous and wonderful cases that are quite interesting

It seems that a young lady of Atlanta had been re-ported as dead, but it came to the cars of the At-lanta Journal that she was still alive, and being on the elect for news, a reporter was sent to the resi-dence to learn all the facts. Miss Belle Dunaway, who had been pronounced dead, met him at the door, stoutly denying that she was dead. She said: "For four years, rheumatism and neuralgia have

ta effect was like magic. It gave me an appointe—gave me attength, relieved all pains and aches, added flesh to my bones, and when five bottles had been used I had gained 50 pounds of flesh, and I am to-lay sound and well."

that remedy,
If afficied with any form of blood poison, Serofin, Rhoumatism, Calarhh, Old Ulcers and Sarea,
Kidney Complaints, Female Diseases, vic., the B.
B. R. will cure you at once. Send to Blood Balm
Complaints, for a copy of their book FREE. Co., Atlanta, Ga., for a copy of their book FREE. FOR SALE BY HILL BROS. Anderson, S. C.

The simmering of the social stew which is to be served piping ket next December may already be distinctly heard at times. It begins with the dis-position to be made of the lady of the White House, Miss Cleveland. There White House, Miss Cleveland. There seems to be no intention to resort to violence, as has sometimes been done at White House receptions. Miss Cleveland is to be permitted at the White House to be the first lady of the land. But there, according to the law of the social female Congress now in secret session, her dominion is to end. Outside of the Executive Musician and grounds the grandparents, and after the manner of the paleozoic age of the profession.

Proper supervision, and all other ersentials of a first class system of free public (common) schools will be demanced, and secured, by our people whenever they are brought to feel the need of such a system. How can they be brought to feel cuch need? An educational revival is necessary. Every reader of this paper can help to work up such revival. If he is a friend of education, let him real, and think, and talk, and write about education. If a teacher, let him have school celebrations in which the children can take part, and which the citizens of school celebrations in which the children can take part, and which the citizens of the community can attend. Let men who can talk, and will talk education, address the people upon these occasion. Let him write articles on common schoos for his County paper. If the reader bea preacher let him talk education as le moves about among the people, discussit around the fireside in the winter and in the piazza in summer. Let nim from dren fond of her? Do you like her, and like her plans? Then tell her so. Show her that you appreciate her untiring efforts in behalf of your children. It will do her good. It will make her a better teacher.

We are glad to find that several schools

Another in the winter and in the winter and in the piazza in summer. Let nim from his pulpit preach education—the right of covery child to have an education—and the interest, the right, the duty of the State—to place the privilege of a free common school within easy reach of every child in the State. An occasional sermon on such subjects would, to the revision and silver coinage will come average congregation he about as inter-

### How a Lover Lost His Lady.

Two young ladies were overheard talking glibly and confidentially on a suburban train. "Now, Mary," said one, "tell me why Charlie and you quarreled." "Well, you know he's been coming to see me for two years, and I could see just as plain as anybody wise that he was

A fearful story is that told by a diagram in the Christian Union comparing the annual expenditure of the United States for intoxicating liquors with various other of the largest items of expen-ditures, based upon the census reports of 1880 and other reliable authorities. The

6. The hot air engine. 7. The sewing machine.
8. The India rubber industry.
9. The machine manufacture of horse

— A dispatch from Washington to the Philadelphia Record says that Gen. Black, commissioner of pensions, has declined to obey Secretary Lawar's order

# SEWING Having taken the Agency for several Counties in the upper portion of this State, he is compelled to keep in stock a large number of Machines of various makes to supply the increasing demand from Sub-Agents, and it will certainly pay one and all who contemplate buying a Sewing Machine of any kind to call, and you are respectfully invited to do so, and shall receive polite and careful attention.

"For four years, rheumatism and neuralgia have resisted physicians and all other treatment. My muscles seemed to dry up, my filesh shrank away, my foints were swellen, painful and large, lost my sppetite, was reduced to 60 pounds in weight and for months, was expected to die. I commenced the use of B. B. B. and the action of one-half a bottle convinced my friends that it would cure me. Its effect was like weight. To examine a specific

# IS IT A LIE?

Some one said that Potash was a poison. makes the assertion except those who desire to mislead and humbur you? He who denotinces other remedice as Fraude, is quictly offering a vile compound of his own—bowere of all such.

Ask your physician or your druggist if Potash produces all the horrors claimed for is by those who are compelled to traduce other preparations in order to appear respectable themselves.

We claim the Potash properly combined with other remedications are properly combined with other remedications, and we claim that B. B. B. is that remedy.

WARREN LELAND,

whom everybody knows as the successful

Largest Hotel Enterprises

Standard Guano, Acid Phosphate and
Which they propose to sell as low as any
They are also stocked up on PROVINIONS, bought w
lowest, and are consequently enabled to offer special inducent
JUST RECEIVED, an Elegant line of Ladies' and Gentlen
Give us a call, and we will treat you right.

HILL,

PEOPLE GENERALLY

A. B. TOWERS.

German Kainit,

Ladies' Dress Shoes.

JUST received Ladies' Fine Shoes, and for sale low by

25 YEARS IN USE.

The Greaten Medical Triumph of the Age!

SYMPTOMS OF A

TORPID LIVER:
Loss of appetite, Bowels costive, Pain in the head, with a dull sensation in the back part. Pain under the chealder-blade, Fullness after eating, with a disinciliation to exertion of body or mind. Irritability of temper, Low spirits, with a feeling of having neglected some duty, Weariness, Dizziness, Fluttering at the Heart. Dots before the eyes, Head decover the right eye, Resilessness, with fitful drams, Highly colored Urine, and CONSTIPATION.

TUTT'S PILLS are especially adapted to such cases, one dose effects such a change of feeling as to astonish the sufferer. They Increase the Appetite, and cause the body to Take on Flesh, thus the system is nourished, and by their Tonic Action on the Digestive Organs, Regular Stools are produced. Price 20te. 46 Hurray 84.1. N.Y.

TUTT'S HAIR DYE,
GRAY HAIR OF WHISERS changed to a
GLOSSY BLACK by a single application of
this DYE. It imparts a natural color, acts
instantaneously. Sold by Dyuggists, or
sent by express on receipt of \$1.
Office, 44 Murray St., New York.

AGENT.

Has Just received an extra

CARRIAGES,

WAGONS,

And respectfully requests parties wishing to purchase to give him a call and examine his stock. You will certainly—

SAVE MONEY

by so doing, and will have the LARGEST ASSORTMENT in the up-country to select

150

The Light Running

NEW HOME

all competition. It is simple and strong, doing the widest range of work, and equipped with all the late improved Attachments. It is the lightest and ensiest running Shuttle Machine on the market, and in fact the New Home takes the front rank in Sewing Machines.

C. A. REED, Ag't,

Feb 10, 1885 ANDERSON, S. C.

SHOES AND BOOTS.

HAVB a full line of Bay State Shoes and Boots. Warranted not to rip and to have no wood or paste board. Also a few Miles' Ladies' Shoes. All in want of good Shoes and Boots will find it to their interest to call on.

Feb 14, 1884 A. B. TOWERS.

MACHINES.

HARNESS

and WHIPS,

BUGGIES.

REED

of America, says that while a passenger from New York on board a ship going around Cape Horn, in the early days of emigration to Cal-ifornia, he learned that one of the officers of the vessel had cured himself, during the voyage, of an obstinate disease by the use of

# Ayer's Sarsaparilla.

Since then Mr. LELAND has recommended AVER'S SARSAPARILLA i many similar cases, and he has never yet heard of its failure to effect a radical cure. Some years ago one of Mr. Leland's farm laborers bruised his leg. Owing to the bad

state of his blood, an ugly scrofulous swelling or lump appeared on the injured limb. Hor-rible itching of the skin, with burning and rible itching of the skin, with burning and darting pains through the lump, made life almost intolerable. The leg became enormously enlarged, and running ulcers formed, discharging great quantities of extremely offousive matter. No treatment was of any avail until the man, by Mr. Lelann's direction, was supplied with Aver's Sarsapamilla, which allayed the pain and irritation, healed the gores, removed the swelling, and completely restored the limb to use. completely restored the limb to use.

Mr. LELAND has personally used

# Ayer's Sarsaparilla

for Rheumatism, with entire success; and, after careful observation, declares that, in his belief, there is no medicine in the world equal to it for the cure of Liver Disorders, Gout, the effects of high living, Salt Rheum, Sores, Eruptions, and all the various forms of blood diseases.

We have Mr. Leland's permission to invite all who may desire further evidence in regard to the extraordinary curative powers of AYER'S SARSAPARILLA to see him personally either at his mammoth Ocean Hotel, Long Branch, or at the popular Leland Hotel, Mr. LELAND'S extensive knowledge of the good done by this unequalled eradicator of blood poisons enables him to give inquirers much valuable information.

Dr. J.C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass. Sold by all Druggists; \$1, six bottles for \$5.

# FROM THE PRESIDENT

"Independence, Texas, Sept. 26, 1882. Ayer's Hair Vigor

1st. To prevent falling out of the hair.

24. To prevent too rapid change of color. 3d. As a dressing. It has given entire satisfaction in every instance. Yours respectfully,

WM. CAREY CRANE." AYER'S HAIR VIGOR is entirely free from uncleanly, dangerous, or injurious substances. It prevents the hair from turning gray, restores gray hair to its original color,

at the same time, a very superior and desirable dressing. PREPARED BY Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.

prevents baidness, preserves the hair and

promotes its growth; cures dandruff and all diseases of the hair and scalp, and is,

Sold by all Druggists. Wheat Bran, Corn, Flour,

POR sale by-A. B. TOWERS. MOTHER

- ARE YOU -TROUBLED With any disease pecu-If so, to you we bring tidings of comfort and great joy. You can

BE CURED and restored to perfect health by using

Bradfield's

Females Regulator.

to the womb, and any intelligent woman can cure herself by following the directions. It is espe-cially efficacious in cases of suppressed or painful menstruation, in whites and partial prolapsus. It affords immediate relief and permanently restores the menstrual function. As a remedy to be used during that critical period known as "Change of Life," this invaluable preparation has no rival.

## Saved Her Life !

RIDGE, McIntosii Co., Ga. Dr. J. Bradfield-Dear Sir: I bave taken sev eral bottles of your Female Regulator for falling of the womb and other diseases combined, of sixteen years standing, and I really believe I am cured entirely, for which please accept my heartelt thanks and most profound gratitude. I know your medicine saved my life, so you see I cannot speak too highly in its favor. I have recommen-ded it to several of my friends who are suffering

Yours very respectfully, MRS. W. E. STEBBINE.

Our Treatise on the "Health and Happiness of Woman .alled free.
BRADFIELD REGULATOR CO.,

WILHITE & WILHITE, Wholesale Agents for Brad-field's Medicines. THE STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA. COUNTY OF ANDERSON.

COURT OF COMMON PLEAS. B. M. McGee, Plaintiff, against T. H. Telford, J. H. Telford, Stump & Son, Hancock Manufacturing Company, and Brown, Tribble & Brown Defendants.—Summons for Relief—Complaint new Served.

To the Defendant T. H. Telford:

You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint in this action, which is filed in the office of the Cierk of the Court of Common Pleas, at Anderson C. H., S. C., and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint on the subscribers at their office, Anderson C. H., S. C., within twenty days after the service hereof, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fall to answer the complaint within the time aforesald, the plaintiff in this action—"Il apply to the Court for the relief demanded in the complaint. Dated 13th January, A. D. 1885.

B. F. WHITNER & SON,
Plaintin's Attorneys.

[BRAL.] M. P. TEIBELS, C. C. P.

April 16, 1885

STATE OF SCUTH CAROLINA, ANDERSON COUNTY. By Thot. O. Ligon, Judge of Probate.

By Thos. C. Ligon, Judge of Probate.

WHEREAS, Lou T. Martin and Geo.
M. McDavid have applied to me to grant them letters of Administration on the Estate and effects of J. Roddy Martin, deceased.

These are therefore to cite and admonish all-kindred and creditors of the said J. Roddy Martin, deceased, to be and appear before me in Court of Probate, to be held at Anderson Court House, on the 7th day of May, 1885, after publication hereof, to show cause, if any they have, why the said administration should not be granted.

Given makes my hand this 15th day of April, 1885.

T. C. LIGON, J. P.

NOTICE FINAL SETTLEMENT.

The undersigned, Administrator with the Will sunexed of W. Y. Sherard, deceased, hereby gives notice that he will, on the 12th day of May, 1855, apply to the Judge of Probate for Anderson County for a Final Settlement of said Estate, and a discharge from said Administration.

D. J. SHERARD.

Adm'r. with the Will sunexes.

April 9, 1885. April, 16, 1885 T. C. LIGON, J. P. NOTICE TO CREDITORS

All persons having demands against the Estate of W. B. Morgan, decoused, are hereby notified to present them, properly proven, to the undersigned within the time prescribed by law, and those indebted to make payment.

M. J. GRAY, Adm'r.

April 9, 1885 Many a Lady

is beautiful, all but her skin and nobody has ever to her how easy it is to pube beauty on the skin is Maguolia

Why not make Home Happ BY PURCHASING A First Class Musical Instrument

Read this, Musicians and Music Loren

Read this, Musiciane and Music Lens.

I AM Agent for several of the very large and Planos, and am gial is able to heraldithe news to the many tees of the "tip of the fvory" that the tees of the "tip of the fvory" that the tees of the "tip of the fvory" that the tees of the "tip of the fvory" that the tees of the "tip of the fvory" that the now prepared to sell on terms that it is factory to the most limited dreumant. Remember, cash or instalment terms handle the following named Instrument and Bay State.

PIANOS—Chickering, Mathushel, wor Tone and others.

After an experience of several years this business, I feel perfectly competed aid my customers in making a lands selection of an Instrument. I will appleasure in visiting any one who anticly buying. Drop me a postal card, or send the teel of the te

KING OF THE SINGER



The above style of Machina, which without exception the very Best Machina in the World in the very Best Machina in the World. It has all of the lates inprovements. Extension leaf, large dracers, splendid wood work of the finest winut, and is supplied with a full line of tachments for doing all kinds of work. Remember, that you are not aske. We specificated the world was a seen and examined it. We only want to know that you are prepared to pay \$20 for the Best Sewing Machina in the Market, and we will send it to just nearest depot with orders to allow you examine it before you pay for it. Essed in descriptive circular to WILMARTH & O. Philadelphia, Pa.

CARPE , CARPETS.

THE STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA COUNTY OF ANDERSON.
COURT OF COMMON PLEAS.

COURT OF COMMON PLEAS
Georgia H. Risley, Plaintiff, against A. J. Trig
P. E. Twiggs and the Savannah Valley Riffs.
Company., Defendants.—Summons for RiffComplaint not Served.
To the Defendants above named:

You are hereby summoned and requirelists.

Saver the Complaint in this seties, whi
is filed in the office of the Clerk of the two
of Common Pleas, at Anderson C. H., & C., subserve a copy of your answer to the asid complain
on the subscribers at their office, Anderson U.
S. C., within twenty days after the service has
exclusive of the day of such service; and if ya
fail to answer the complaint within the linesies
and, the plaintiff in this action will apply folk
Court for the relief demanded in the complain.

Dated 21st March, A. D., 1855.

BROWN, TRIBBLE & BROWN,
[Shal] M. P. TRIBBLE, C. C.P.

To the Defendants A. J. Triges and P. R. Triges.

To the Defendants A. J. Twiggs and P. E. Twig Take notice that the complaint in this sets together with the Sun mons, of which the lang-ing is a copy, was filed in the office of the Cust the Court of Common Please for Anderson ty, in the State aforesaid, on the 11st day March, 1885.

BROWN, TRIBBLE & BROWS,
Plaintiff Attempt. Anderson, S. C., March 25th, 1885. 37-4

TO ADVERTISERS.—Lowest Rates for stem tising in 922 good newspapers sent free 48 dress GEO. P. ROWELL & Co., 10 Sprate & R. April 2, 1885

descriptions and directions by section of the control of the contr

FIRE DELAYS ARE DANGEROUS

A SINGLE SPARK may destroy to Dwelling in one hour. I can you ample security against loss by Feather combined Assets of the Comparate amount to \$11,003,415. Old me and Insure your Dwellings, Fundaments and Merchandisc. It will be as when the fire starts. Anderson, S. C., March 27, 1834

READ THE IMPORTANT NOTICE

Towie money, and cannot pay it as persons who owe me pay me.
Therefore, I beg all who are indeveloped in the by Nois or Account to call and without delay. I cannot run my beginning the price for Cotton in payment debts.

A. B. JOWERS.

Bept 25, 1884

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iment. Few do. Not to to not to have.

Men Think

they know all about Mustave